

THE BRAINERD DAILY DISPATCH

Volume 16, Number 189

BRAINERD, MINNESOTA, MONDAY, JANUARY 15, 1917

Price Two Cents

BRAINERD CARNIVAL HERE ON FEB. 10

R. R. LIVINGSTON WANTS NEW TRIAL

**Farmer-Financier Orders Transcript
Made of the Testimony Taken at
the Trial in District Court**

**Livingston Was Taken to Stillwater Early This
Morning to Serve the Sentence
Imposed on Him**

R. R. Livingston, sentenced to Stillwater following his conviction on the charge of grand larceny in the first degree, was taken to the penitentiary on the early morning train, being accompanied by Sheriff Claus A. Theorin.

Before leaving, the farmer-financier had been in conference with George W. Moody, court reporter and had ordered a transcript made of the testimony of the trial in the district court before Judge W. S. McClellan as Livingston is preparing to ask for a new trial.

**Thomas Lawson
Before Committee
on Note Leak**

(By United Press)
Washington, Jan. 15—Minus headliners Thomas Lawson and the house leak committee got down to business after voting in executive session to introduce a resolution broadening the power of the committee and extend its life to 90 days. Thomas Lawson was the first witness. Society women flocked to the meeting, seats being at a premium.

**McAdoo and Henry
Mentioned in
the Leak Probe**

(By United Press)
Washington, Jan. 15—Thomas Lawson names Henry as his informant in the leak probe. McAdoo, Pres. Wilson's son-in-law, is also mentioned in the proceedings.

**HIGHER POSTAL RATES
ON PAPERS STRICKEN**

Washington, Jan. 15—Postoffice department recommendations for a zone system, increasing postal rates on newspapers and magazines for penny postage on local deliveries and for curtailment of the pneumatic tube mail service in cities, were stricken out of the annual postoffice bill by the house, sitting as a committee of the whole.

It is expected another vote on the provision will be demanded when the measure comes up for passage and if they again are rejected they will be reintroduced in the form of separate bills.

The postoffice bill, carrying appropriations of \$322,000,000, was completed in committee of the whole and house leaders expect to pass it on Tuesday.

CATHOLIC EDITOR IS DEAD

W. H. Hughes of Detroit, Mich., succumbed to Long Illness.

Detroit, Jan. 15—William H. Hughes, editor and publisher of the Michigan Catholic, died at his home here after an illness of several weeks. Mr. Hughes was born in Grand Rapids, Mich., sixty-four years ago and was well known to Catholic clergy men all over the United States.

CIGARETTE LID PROPOSED

Oklahoma House Passes Bill Prohibiting Sale and Smoking.

Oklahoma City, Okla., Jan. 15—By 79 to 21 the house of representatives of Oklahoma passed the McCollister anti-cigarette bill prohibiting smoking, giving away or selling cigarettes in Oklahoma. The bill now goes to the senate.

Want State Aid Suppress Strikes

(By United Press)
St. Paul, Jan. 15—Gov. Burnquist will be asked this afternoon to give his approval to the proposed emergency appropriations to aid northern counties in suppressing strikes, the request being made by Sullivan, of St. Cloud, Denegre of St. Paul and Gjerst of Montevideo.

To Reinstate Some County Commissioners

(By United Press)
St. Paul, Jan. 15—Gov. Burnquist is conducting a hearing in the proposed reinstatement of some county commissioners in Koochiching county who were temporarily ousted in September. M. J. Brown, a Bemidji attorney, has been appointed by the governor to take evidence.

Are Subject to an Income Tax

(By United Press)
Washington, Jan. 15—The government won an important victory when the supreme court, reversing the lower court, held that three land companies in Minneapolis were subject to an income tax.

Demands Unreasonable

(By United Press)
Washington, Jan. 15—Sec. Daniels plans to equip the navy yards so they can build one-third of the ships and manufacture one-third of munitions at all times. Two-thirds of the demands made by munition manufacturers are unreasonable.

All Hope Abandoned

(By United Press)
Eureka, Cal., Jan. 15—All hope of saving the cruiser Milwaukee has been abandoned, as the vessel has begun to break up. Lieut. Newton, expert engineer, after his trip of inspection to the vessel, says there is no possibility of getting her off.

Mother will Help

(By United Press)
Kansas City, Jan. 15—Mrs. C. D. Benfer, mother of Weldon Wells, who is held at Columbus for the murder of Mona Simons, will go to his relief and do everything in her power to free her boy.

Aviators are Seen

(By United Press)
San Francisco, Jan. 15—Lieut. Col. Bishop and Lieut. Robertson, two army aviators missing since Wednesday were seen Sunday passing over Sierra Madre according to a telegram received, by a party of Mexicans.

Steamer is Sunk

London, Jan. 15—The steamer Minnesota which was sunk by a head on lock collision, was not the property of the Great Northern railway.

JUDGE LANDIS.

Decides Illinois Can Fix Its Rail Passenger Rates.

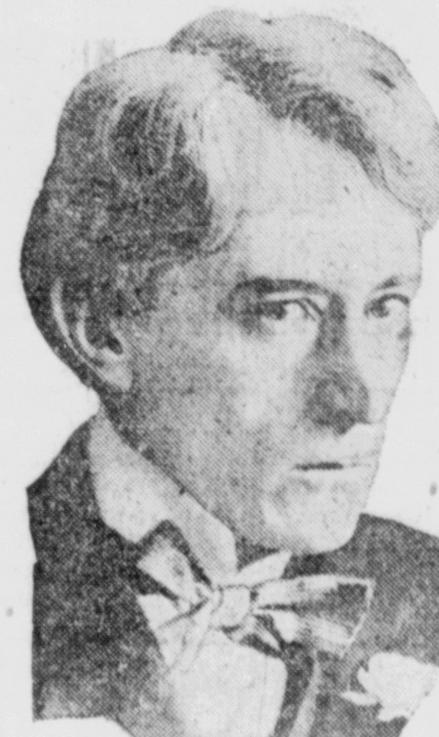


Photo by American Press Association.

RIGHT TO FIX RAIL RATES

Federal Judge Decides Illinois Has That Authority.

Chicago, Jan. 15—Authority of the state of Illinois to fix railroad rates within its own borders was upheld in the United States district court when Judge Landis dismissed for want of equity the petition of twenty-eight railroad companies asking an injunction against the enforcement of the 2-cent a mile passenger rate.

The railroads announced they would appeal the case to the United States supreme court. The ruling of the higher court will directly affect ten other states where 2-cent passenger rates are now in effect.

In deciding the case Judge Landis said: "It is my opinion and conclusion that there is no earthly power, no possible power in the interstate commerce commission, under the guise of relieving St. Louis and Keokuk of discrimination, to repeal the Illinois 2-cent fare."

Carranzistas Will Take Over Torreon

(By United Press)
Washington, Jan. 15—It is hinted that 10,000 Carranzistas have arrived at Torreon from the south to take over the territory as soon as Gen. Pershing's column is withdrawn from Mexico.

Can a Policeman Live on 25 Cents a Day



These twelve policemen of New York City have entered on a diet test under the auspices of the Life Extension Institute, which has William H. Taft for chairman of its board of directors. Dr. Eugene L. Flisk, medical director of the institute, wants to learn if they can live on 25 cents a day for food—the cost of the cooking the service and the food. Their first breakfast consisted of two ounces of oatmeal, unlimited milk, two slices of buttered toast and unlimited coffee.

"I wish they'd give me some ham and eggs," said one copper.

ADMIRAL DEWEY.

Famous Sea Fighter Contracts Bad Cold.



Photo by Waldon Fawcett.

Admiral Dewey is Near Death's Door

(By United Press)

Washington, Jan. 15—Admiral George Dewey's death is expected momentarily. He is 79 years of age and has been suffering for five days with a cold and a general breakdown.

Karl Lisbknecht Socialist Leader Prison Sentence

(By United Press)

Zurich, Jan. 15—Karl Lisbknecht, German socialist leader, has been sentenced to four and a half years imprisonment at hard labor and expulsion from the bar, according to Berlin advice.

Karl Lisbknecht has been almost constantly in trouble with the German authorities on account of anti-war socialist speeches, both within and without the Reichstag.

On the other fronts the usual artillery engagements and small operations by patrol and reconnoitering parties continue.

8,000,000 WILL LOSE JOBS

British Government Must Release Vast Army When Peace Comes.

London, Jan. 15—It is estimated that between 6,000,000 and 8,000,000 of persons now employed by the government, representing half of the wage earning population of the United Kingdom, will have to be discharged at the end of the war, according to the report of the committee on labor problems after the war.

All these workers will not be discharged simultaneously, but it is probable that within two months after peace has been declared some 2,000,000 or 3,000,000 workers will be turned off.

Regarding the army demobilization the committee calculates that the rate of disbandment cannot exceed 5,000 daily, at which rate six months would be occupied in demobilizing less than 1,000,000 of the huge army.

CAPTURE TWO SUBMARINES

Vessels Are Now in Entente Service, Rome Says.

Rome, Jan. 15—The capture of two submarines is reported in an announcement from the war office.

"The enemy submarine VC-12, which the German navy ceded to Austria-Hungary," the statement says, "has fallen into our hands and become a unit of our torpedo squadrons."

"Another enemy submarine, the VT-12, belonging to the Austro-Hungarian navy, also is in our possession."

LIVELY ARTILLERY EXCHANGE

Berlin, Jan. 15—An official report says that a lively artillery fire in the north Somme patrol were held, and at several places the hostile patrols repulsed our reconnoitering detachments, but they succeeded in bringing in a number of prisoners and machine guns.

Two Men Perish in Fire.

Chicago, Jan. 15—Two persons were burned to death in a fire which destroyed a two-story North Side dwelling. One of the victims, Carl Bottcher, was seventy years old and blind. With him perished Hans Thompson, aged thirty-three, a teamster.

\$1,000 CASH PRIZES ADDED TO TROPHIES

State Trapshooters to Find Brainerd a Perfect Mecca for Sport on June 21, 22 and 23

From 200 to 300 Shots Expected in Brainerd, and Many Will Stay over Sunday to go Fishing

FIERCE ATTACKS BRING RESULTS

Teutons Again Defeat Russians on Sereth River,

FAIL AT SEVERAL POINTS

Petrograd Reports Repulse of Austro-Germans North of the Saloni River, South of the Oltuz River and in the Region of Raduiesci.

London, Jan. 15—Under fierce attacks the Teutonic allies have made further progress against the Russians along the Sereth southwest of Galatz, capturing the village of Kotumihali and also the town of Vadeni, on the railroad between Braila and Galatz, six miles from Galatz.

Petrograd reports the repulse of the Austro-Germans at various other points in Roumania, notably north of the Saloni river, south of the Oltuz river and in the region of Raduiesci to the east of Fokshan.

On the northern end of the Russian front in the vicinity of Riga the Germans delivered a heavy attack against the Russians east of Kalnzem, but were repulsed.

On the other fronts the usual artillery engagements and small operations by patrol and reconnoitering parties continue.

STUDENTS TO AID FRANCE

Harvard Men Will Sail Feb. 17 to Join Ambulance Corps.

Cambridge, Mass., Jan. 15—Twenty-five Harvard students will sail for France on Feb. 17 to serve in the American ambulance corps. Richard C. Harte of Philadelphia, star baseball and football player, will go with another contingent in June.

ITALIAN GENERAL IS DEAD

Commander of Albanian Expedition Victim in Sinking of Battleship.

Rome, Jan. 15—Lieutenant General Bandini, commander of the Italian Albanian expeditionary corps, was among those lost aboard the Italian battleship Regina Margherita, the sinking of which by a mine on Dec. 11 recently was officially confirmed.

VILLA CHIEF AND SIXTY SLAIN

Bandit Leader Morfo Falls in Battle North of Parral.

Chihuahua City, Mex., Jan. 15—The Villa chief, Zeferino Morfo, and sixty followers were killed in the fight on Pan. 10 at Pilar de Conchas, forty miles north of Parral, according to details of the action received here from General Pablo Gonzales, commanding the government troops in the field.

AUSTRIAN MINISTER IS ILL

Count von Chudenitz is Suffering From an Abscess of Jaw.

London, Jan. 15—Count Ottokar Czernin von Chudenitz, the Austro-Hungarian foreign minister, is ill in bed as a result of an abscess of the upper jaw. Reuter's Amsterdam correspondent says, quoting a Vienna dispatch.

GENERAL VILJOEN IS DEAD

Took Prominent Part in the Last Boer War.

Lamesa, N. M., Jan. 15—General Benjamin J. Viljoen, who took a prominent part in the Boer war, died at his home near here of pneumonia. He was commander in the field and a member of the Boer parliament at one time.

After the Boer war General Viljoen came to the United States and established a colony of his countrymen near here. He acted as military adviser to Francisco I. Madero during the Madero revolution.

Washington, Jan. 15—A petition from Massachusetts, carrying 15,281 names, demanding severance of relations with Germany unless the Belgian deportations are stopped, has been forwarded by the state department to President Wilson.

A. F. GROVES, M. D.
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EYE, EAR, NOSE and THROAT
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THE PENN

IS MIGHTIER THAN THE SWORD
Inc. 1847. Assets over 160 Million.
Start the year right by... securing a
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From the

DULUTH FLORAL COMPANY
The largest and finest store in the
Northwest, insist on Duluth Floral
Company goods and service."

The Sperry
Sheet Metal Works

Specialists in

Automobile sheet metal work.
Radiators, Lamps and Fenders
made, rebuilt and repaired. All
work fully guaranteed and done
promptly.

Broadway & Laurel, Brainerd

Get Your 1917

PRINTING

At the Dispatch

DISPATCH WANT ADS PAY

STUDY

the secret of success of all of our successful men. This you will find to be true of most of them--they began early to save money. Come in now, we will explain.

We Pay Interest on Time and Savings Deposits

Savings interest for the past six months is now ready for entry on your pass book



First National Bank
Brainerd - - Minn.
Established 1881
Capital and Surplus
One Hundred Thousand Dollars



THE WEATHER
Weather Forecast for Next 24 Hours.

Increasing cloudiness followed by rain tonight and Tuesday. Slowly rising temperature.

Temperature at Brainerd, reported by Theodore Miller, observer at Brainerd:

January 13, maximum 4 below, minimum 30 below.

January 14, maximum 10 below, minimum 40 below.

LOCAL NEWS NOTES

* * * * *
* News of Parties, Visitors, Vis-
* its, Deaths, Accidents, Etc.,
* gratefully received by the Dis-
* patch. Both phones, North-
* west 74, Automatic 274.
* * * * *

Mrs. Lester Bratt returned to Crow Wing this afternoon.

The first Symphony rehearsal will be held at Camel's hall tonight.

For spring water phone 264.

Mrs. Fred T. Lincoln and children have gone to Minneapolis where they will spend the week.

A chimney fire near the Empress theatre Saturday night caused some alarm, but no damage.

William Andre, who has been visiting Sevren Swanson, returned home this afternoon to Coleraine.

Mrs. Harry Koop and little son, Billy, visiting relatives, returned today to their home in Crosby.

The Committee on Committees of the Chamber of Commerce will meet Tuesday evening at the Chamber.

Maurice LeMoine, who was at Duluth for some time, passed through Brainerd today on his way to Little Falls.

Mr. and Mrs. M. J. Reilly, who attended the funeral of her father, Wm. Meekins, have returned to their home in Detroit.

A regular meeting of the city council will be held this Monday evening. As it is pay day night, the session will undoubtedly be a short one.

The Speedwell baseball club will give a benefit dance at Gardner auditorium Monday evening, February 19. The Blue Ribbon orchestra will play.

Miss May Jones left Brainerd Saturday for Dundee, N. Y., where she has accepted a position as supervisor of physical culture in the schools of that city.

Lars Sweland's thermometer, always of an energetic nature, indicated 44 below at 8:30 this morning. Many of the cheaper kinds of bulbs quit business entirely.

Joe Jakovich left the city this noon for Hot Springs, Ark., where he will spend a couple months at the celebrated resorts in an effort to recover from rheumatic affections.

Fred T. Lincoln, secretary of the Chamber of Commerce, is Brainerd's delegate to the All-Minnesota Development Association meeting at St. Paul on January 18 and 19.

Chief of Police Henry Squires, who has been testifying in federal court at Duluth, is expected home on Monday night. During his absence John Taylor was chief of the force.

County Auditor C. W. Mahlum went to St. Paul this afternoon where

he will attend the meeting of the state association of county auditors to be held on Tuesday and Wednesday.

Rev. Elof Carlson went to Aitkin this afternoon to attend a business meeting of the "Lutheranen," the magazine published in the interests of the Swedish Lutheran churches of this district.

The body of Enos Barbeau, who passed away at International Falls, was taken to Fergus Falls for burial. His brother, B. W. Barbeau, and other relatives went to Fergus Falls on Monday to attend the funeral.

Mrs. Ellender E. Lee, age 54, wife of L. J. Lee, died of appendicitis, a ruptured appendix causing peritonitis. The funeral was held this afternoon at 2 o'clock from the Salvation Army hall, officers there officiating at the services.

Many Brainerd trainmen and their friends will attend the annual ball given by Brainerd Division No. 197, of the O. R. C. on Friday evening, January 19, at Demarais Bros. new hall in Staples. Hands orchestra of Fergus Falls will play.

Miss Ruth M. Robinson has recently suffered from a case of blood poisoning in her hip and was confined to her bed. Her hip was in such shape that it was found necessary to operate at Northwestern hospital. She has now recovered and is able to venture out of doors.

The case of L. F. Gartner, charged with permitting minors to frequent his pool room in Northeast Brainerd, was set for trial in municipal court next week, Gartner having demanded a jury. The jury will be selected on January 22, and the trial started on Tuesday, January 23.

The funeral of Mrs. Ellen Carney was held at 9 o'clock Monday morning from St. Francis Catholic church, Rev. Father J. J. O'Mahoney officiating. Mrs. Carney had resided in Brainerd many years, her husband having been one of the oldest engineers on the Northern Pacific railway system.

Rev. Elof Carlson, pastor of the Swedish Lutheran church, will have his study open for callers weeks days from 9 in the morning to 1 in the afternoon. Later in the afternoon he is out attending to calls in the parsonage. Members and others are asked to please take notice of the hours named.

Three hundred Northern Pacific Marching Club carnival suits are expected tonight, also a consignment of socks, etc., and club members hope all will be provided for in order to enable them to wear their suits at the dance of the marching club and band on Tuesday night, January 16, at Gardner hall.

L. S. Budd, for many years in business in this city being connected with the fuel firm of Fisher & Budd and later with the Mahlum Lumber Co., has located at Franklin, N. J., where he has entered into a partnership with H. B. Solomon, his cousin, and has purchased an established coal business. Lumber and all kinds of building material will be added to the business. Mr. Budd's family will not leave for the east until the end of the school year. Franklin is a city of 4,000 people, is but 40 miles from New York city, and large zinc mines are being operated there.

The members of the clubs are also eligible in the individual contest, and in this Melvin Young received a cash prize, but the letter does not state the amount of it. The first prize \$15.00, the second \$10.00, third \$5.00 and the next best ten, each \$2.00.

In the individual contest the following completed their records and reports and each will receive a national club medal:

Melvin Young, Jacquith Taylor, Carl Faupel, Ralph Borden, Ila Sabin, all of Mission Lake; Earl Olson, Stella Olson, Ernest Moberg, Clarence J. Bakken, Ella M. Grove, Leon M. Greeve and Albert Boeder, all of Pequot; Scott Mitchel, Swanburg; Eben Britton, Lyle Lewis, Hans Anderson, all of Brainerd.

The highest yield secured by any of the contestants in the county was received by Scott Mitchel who raised 42 bushels on 1-8 of an acre.

He raised the Rural New Yorkers. Stella Olson and Scott Mitchel each received a score of 96 on their peck of Rural New Yorkers exhibited at the show held at Bemidji in conjunction with the Northern Minnesota Development Association meeting. There was only one higher score on the Rural New Yorkers and that was on a sample produced by a girl in Carlton county.

BOYS SHOULD TAKE HEED

Minneapolis, Minn., Jan. 15.—Every time any little boy plays hokey from school it costs him \$10, according to G. F. Womrath, business superintendent of schools, in a statement today. Here's the way he figures it: Average annual earning capacity of educated men, \$1,000; average earning capacity of uneducated men, \$450; life's earning capacity, educated men, \$40,000; uneducated men, \$18,000; difference, \$22,000; school period for education 12 years; total days attendance at school, 2160. The difference between educated and uneducated, then, is just 2160 days, which at \$10 a day, balance the \$22,000 in the life's earning power of men.

H. P. Dunn, druggist.

mwf

To Stop Self-Poisoning

For furred and coated tongue, blisters, sour stomach, indigestion, constipation and other results of a fermenting and poisoning mass of undigested food in the stomach and bowels, there is nothing better than that old-fashioned physic—Foley Cathartic Tablets. Do not gripe nor sicken; act promptly. H. P. Dunn, druggist.—Advt. mwf

When making chocolate fudge add two or three tablespoonsfuls of juice from apple sauce. This makes a pleasant flavor.

the secret of success of all of our successful men. This you will find to be true of most of them--they began early to save money. Come in now, we will explain.

We Pay Interest on Time and Savings Deposits

Savings interest for the past six months is now ready for entry on your pass book

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WOMAN'S REALM

THUEL BURNHAM THE CLUB TREAT

Brainerd Musical Club Program on Saturday Called Forth Praise by the Audience

THREE BEETHOVEN SELECTIONS

Brainerd Music Lovers Owe Gratitude to Musical Club for Appearance of Mr. Burnham

The quiet, sincere, earnest manner in which Thuel Burnham, pianist, rendered his well-chosen program at the Brainerd Musical Club Saturday afternoon appealed directly to his audience.

His opening number "Bourre" by Bach was clear-cut, precise and dignified. A Mozart Pastoral followed it, sweetly and tranquilly played in soft pure tones.

There were three interesting Beethoven selections, the last of which was the march from "The Ruins of Athens." This march suggests the rude but spirited martial music of a half barbaric people, simulating the ever-nearing approach of marching troops, their arrival and then their gradual receding. This work makes great demands on the player's sense of proportion and gradation, as well as his command of the tonal resources of his instrument.

Mr. Burnham and his Steinway Concert Grand piano, which travels with him on his concert tours together with a man who tunes the instrument before every concert, responded so well to the demands of this Beethoven composition that the hearers had vivid pictures of the marching troops, approaching, at hand and departing.

The four selections in the Chopin group were familiar and much loved numbers. Mr. Burnham portrayed particularly well the rocky movement with the left hand and the lullaby song of the mother with the right hand in the "Berceuse" which is considered the finest cradle song ever written for the piano. The Polonaise in this group was unusually well played too, with its stirring introduction, and then its swinging measures suggesting the proud military bearing of feudal heroes and the tramping of the cavalry.

The Rachmaninoff "Prelude in G Minor" was a new number of Brainerd programs as was also the peculiar but charming "Reflect dem Lean" by the French composer Debussy.

Mr. Burnham had chosen the broad effective MacDowell "Polonaise" for the last number of his program. The opening theme of this composition, majestic and intense but with an undertone of fatalism, and the trio with its lighter vein and half cynical humor were very clearly and satisfactorily interpreted.

Brainerd music lovers surely owe much gratitude to the Musical Club for its success in bringing such artists as Mr. Burnham to our city.

Jewel Card Club

Mr. and Mrs. J. Hebert, 414 Front street, entertained the club on Saturday evening, five tables of progressive 500 being played. The ladies head prize was won by Mrs. Wm. Schlaeger and the gentleman's head prize by F. W. Sleeper. The lady's consolation went to Mrs. Geo. Frazer. The gentleman's booby went to Wm. Bleeding. A bounteous lunch was served the occasion being greatly enjoyed by the guests present.

Mr. and Mrs. L. Bedall will entertain the club on January 20th.

Notice Lady Maccabees

There will be no meeting Tuesday evening, Jan. 16, on account of the rally in St. Cloud. There will be a business meeting Wednesday evening, Jan. 17, instead.

Lady Commander,

MRS. DORA HOLMAN.

Methodist Ladies' Aid

The Methodist Ladies' Aid will be held on Thursday afternoon at the church parlors, Mrs. O. Skauge and Mrs. T. E. Nitterauer will entertain. Visitors are welcome and the gentlemen are invited for lunch.

Civics Class

A meeting of the Civics class of the Ladies Musical Club will be held at the home of Mrs. W. C. Cobb this Monday evening.

MISS DENNY IN CAST

Well Known Popular Duluth Girl in January Plays of the Drama League at Duluth (Duluth Herald)

There have been several changes in the plays and players for the January program of the Drama League, but the casts are now virtually decided. The attempt was made to use only new material this month, but as several of the recruits approached were either too busy or too modest, the Drama League has fallen back on a few of the tried and true. For the second time this year a French farce has had to be given up on account of the absence in Duluth of the proper kind of light-hearted, not to say light-footed, impulsive French hero. There seems to be an adequate number of French heroines in the city, but this particular type of Frenchmen is lacking. The play substituted for the French farce is "The Beau of Bath" by Constance D'Arcy Mackay. The three plays in the order of their production and their casts follow:

"THE LAST VISIT"

(By Herman Sudermann)

The Unknown Lady Miss Hazel Voorhees
Lieut. von Wolters Frank Tenney
Mulbridge, a horse trainer. Joe Green
Frau Mulbridge Miss Kennedy
Daisy Mulbridge, her daughter Constance Mitchell

The scene is laid in a German garrison.

"THE BEAU OF BATH"

(By Constance D'Arcy Mackay)

Beau Nash Paul H. Welch
Jepson, his servant Miron Bunnell
The Lady of the Portrait Mrs. F. A. Prince

"FANCY FREE"

(By Stanley Houston)

Fancy Miss Marjorie Morrow
Alfred Gladson Fowler
Robert Frederick A. Prince
Della Miss Florence Denny

The probable date for the presentation of these plays will be Jan. 23 and 24. Mr. Laceby is anxious to produce them as early as possible so that he can begin work on the contest plays. There is still one day left in which to write a play and that a holiday. By Monday noon, when all plays must be handed into the Northern National bank, the number will probably be swelled from eight to ten at least, the number presented last year. No plays will be read until the contest is closed.

VALUE OF VISITING NURSE

Greatest Factor in Teaching Personal Hygiene—Direct Contact Most Important Art

While health officials have made considerable advance along the lines of sanitation, it is only recently that they have begun to emphasize the importance of the human body as the source and center of disease.

We know that pathogenic germs are spread from one individual to another by different vehicles of disease, such as polluted water, contaminated milk, or insects. Filthy conditions of homes and manner of living are the greatest predisposing source of all diseases, but in reality it is the human body which is the original and worst source of all infection. Direct contact plays a most important part in all contagious diseases.

One of the greatest factors in remedying this evil is the teaching of personal hygiene, and the visiting nurse is the one best fitted for this task.

Bethany Ladies' Aid

The Ladies' Aid society of the Bethany church, at its last meeting, elected these officers:

President—Mrs. Hjalmer Olson.
Vice President—Mrs. Elmer Dahl.
Secretary—Mrs. Arthur T. Anderson.

Treasurer—Mrs. Andrew Anderson.
Mrs. Olson, who has been president for four years and is entering upon her fifth term, was given a beautiful picture as a token of friendship and regard for good services performed.

Fortnightly W. C. T. U. Meeting

The regular fortnightly meeting of the W. C. T. U. will be held on Tuesday afternoon at 3 o'clock at the Y. M. C. A. rooms. A report on the special business of the last meeting will be given and action taken on the same.

Coughed Fifteen Years

Coughs that hang on and grow worse in the night are relieved by Foley's Honey and Tar. R. F. Hall, Mabie, Va., writes: "For 15 years I was afflicted with a troublesome bronchial cough and irritation of the throat. Foley's Honey and Tar relieved me; and after taking one bottle the cough ceased." H. P. Dunn, druggist—Advt.

H. P. Dunn, druggist—Advt.

N. B. C. GRAHAM CRACKERS

You don't have to coax the children to eat plenty of N. B. C. Graham Crackers. These are not only rich in the nourishment that builds bone and muscle, but their tempting taste makes the little appetites hungry for more.

N. B. C. Graham Crackers added an individual and nut-like flavor that other graham crackers lacked. This makes them an almost universally popular article of everyday diet.

NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY

5c
and
10c
packages



FOUR WOMEN STRIKERS

By M. QUAD

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After due mature deliberation Mrs. Henry Skaggs sent her son, Sammy, with three written notes to three wives in the neighborhood—Mrs. Perkins, Mrs. White and Mrs. Davis. They were asked to call at her house at 2 o'clock in the afternoon to help bring about a social revolution for the benefit of the female sex all over the world.

When the hour arrived the three women also arrived. They were very busy women, but anything that promised to benefit the sex aroused their sense of duty.

"What I have to say is this," began Mrs. Skaggs as she took the floor and cleared her voice. "The men are on a strike east, west, north and south. Some are striking for higher wages, but most of them want eight hours' work a day. Their claim is that no man can work more than eight hours a day and do his best and great numbers of them are completely tired out when the eight hours have expired.

"Have they given a thought to us women amid all this turmoil and confusion? Not a thought—not even one. We arise at 6 o'clock in the morning and are through with our housework about 9 in the evening. That makes fifteen hours' work for us, and most of the time we are on our feet. Poor man! He can't work more than eight hours a day without being tucker'd out, and he thinks we can work fifteen without having the least cause for complaint. So he has always been and always will be unless we go at it and raise a revolution."

"Let us raise one!" was shouted in chorus.

"That's what I wanted to see you about, and I'm so glad you agree with me. We shall raise a revolution. We will raise it right here and now! From this village it will spread all over the known world, and if our sex in Eskimo land as well as at home do not bless us they deserve to be slaves forever."

The two in the cocktail scene was something to be seen and can hardly be adequately described. All ends well and wife gives up the idea of her divorce and simply idolizes Billie whose last indiscretion was calling the maid "Morningglory."

The point of the story was that no woman admires a model man, one so model that she almost falls over backward in trying to look up to him. Blessed with a few faults, a husband always creates a topic for conversation in the home and carries with him fuel for wild excitement.

"FAIR AND WARMER"

Farce at Opera House Saturday Evening Drew a Large Audience.

Well Pleased

"Fair and Warmer" drew one of the best houses of the season at the Brainerd opera house Saturday evening. It was simply a gale of laughter from start to finish and poor Billie, the model husband, was a most lovable character and so was his next door neighbor in the flat.

The two in the cocktail scene was something to be seen and can hardly be adequately described. All ends well and wife gives up the idea of her divorce and simply idolizes Billie whose last indiscretion was calling the maid "Morningglory."

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KILLS MAN AND HERSELF

Young Woman Is Presumed to Have Been Jealous.

Burlington, Kan., Jan. 15.—Clarence M. Wood, county surveyor of Coffey county and former student at Kansas university and Baker university, was shot and killed, and across his body lay that of Miss Josephine Holmes, maid at his house, who also died from the same weapon.

At the coroner's inquest Miss Alice Fisher, chum of the dead girl, testified that when the marriage of Wood to an Atchison, Kan., girl, was announced Miss Holmes told her friends:

"Clarence Wood never will live to be married to her."

Wood was twenty-eight years old and was the son of a former Baker university professor.

Miss Holmes was the daughter of a retired farmer of Hartford, Kan., and was eighteen years old.

Beauty Hints.

Those who fear that the use of cold cream or skin food will induce a growth of surplus hair can substitute warm milk. This should be applied in exactly the same manner as the creams.

If you value complexion never use hard water with which to wash. Hard water contains mineral salts such as lime, which when combined with the fatty acids of the soap form what is known as stearate of lime. This clogs up the pores and makes them large and open and coarsens the skin. Should rainwater not be available soften the hard water with borax or oatmeal.

If you are bent on trying to have a beautiful mouth do not fall into the error of assuming a continuous grin. Muscles that are always kept on the stretch finally lose their original contour, and wrinkles result.

The New Sweaters. Angora wool knitted sweaters, whether coat shape or middy blouse contour, are very ample in the skirt part. They often, too, are held into the figure, at the waist, by apron string straps of the same materials, which are wound about several times. Two colors are used in the same sweater, the border on hem, collar and cuffs contrasting with the sweater color, or, as a garnet sweater with a three inch yellow border.

The silk sweaters follow the same lines, especially as to flaring skirt portions, and, if middy blouse shapes, have string straps to tie about the neck under the collar.

The silk sweaters follow the same lines, especially as to flaring skirt portions, and, if middy blouse shapes, have string straps to tie about the neck under the collar.

"My good man, I shall have to put you on a diet."

"Oh, don't, doctor! This bed is fine!" —Lampoon.

1m

Conspicuous Heads

How a white, shiny, bald head shows up in a crowd. Do you desire to be the owner of such a head?

If your hair is losing its lustre or shows a tendency to fall out give your scalp immediate attention or you'll soon have no use for a comb.

Nyal's Hirsutone

is a food for the scalp and will quickly stimulate the hair bulbs. It's an antidote for dandruff and cure for all scalp diseases. Guaranteed.

Price 50c and \$1.00

LAMMON'S PHARMACY

The 1917 Drug Store

dozen or more. "Your work is hard and long, and if you can manage to make it easier I shall do all I can to encourage you."

Mrs. Skaggs was much surprised and put out by the attitude of her husband, but she was grimly determined to carry out the conspiracy.

When Wednesday morning came she said to her husband across the breakfast table:

"Henry, this is the day."

"Yes, this is the day," he quietly replied.

"But you will be home to lunch, as usual. But after that is cleared away the strike begins."

Soon after 2 o'clock and just as Mrs. Skaggs was getting interested in a book Mrs. Jinks, a colored woman of very ample proportions, entered the house. She was chasing the three Skaggs children before her, and as she took off her hat and made herself at home she said to their mother:

"Dose chill'en need to have dar ears cuff'd, an' I'll make a great improvement in less dan a week. Dis flob needs sweepin', an' I'll tackle dat fust."

"And who on earth are you?" demanded the surprised Mrs. Skaggs as she closed her book and stood up.

"Why, I's Mrs. Jinks, o' co'se," was the reply.

"But I didn't send for you."

"Of co'se not, but your husband cum for me an' I's to be de second relief. I cum on at 2 o'clock an' leaves at 10. Dat makes my eight hours, an' durin' my time here don't you have too much to say about things. I knows

Courage of the Eagle.

As to an eagle's courage and aggressiveness, it is well known that in central Asia the golden eagle will even attack the wolf, and it is tamed and flown at that savage beast as the goshawk is flown at hares.

It is said that a custom peculiar to Buddhists is that of wandering about the country with hammer and chisel and carving holy symbols upon rocks by the wayside.

TOMORROW EMPRESS THEATRE

THE BRAINERD DAILY DISPATCH

By Ingersoll & Wieland

SUBSCRIPTION RATES
One Month \$4.00
One Year, strictly in advance \$4.00

Office in Dispatch Building on 6th St.

Entered at the post office at Brainerd,
Minn., as second class matter.

MONDAY, JANUARY 15, 1917

THE OILING OF
EARTH ROADSUnless Proper Methods Are
Used Result Is Unsatisfactory.

PURPOSE TO SUPPRESS DUST

Nearly 89 Per Cent of Roads Through-
out the United States Are Earth
Roads, and How to Grade, Drain and
Maintain These Highways Is an Im-
portant Problem.

There are 2,333,000 miles of public roads in the United States, of which only 222,400 miles have any kind of surfacing. In other words, nearly 80 per cent of our roads are earth roads, and it will be a quarter of a century probably, before this percentage is reduced to 75. The great road problem of the United States is to grade, drain and maintain these roads so as to make them of the best practical use at a minimum annual expense. Some progress along these lines is evident, and in some sections very satisfactory earth roads have been built and are maintained in good condition, except for a few weeks in spring, by intelligent dragging. Another method of maintenance, originating in California, is now being tried with more or less success in a number of the central states. This is oiling the roads. Its purpose is to suppress dust, for so doing the road surface will remain smooth longer than when the road is dusty, and there is less mud formed in wet weather. But oiling roads has to be done intelligently or it will make conditions worse instead of better.

It is useless to oil an earth road which is not thoroughly drained and properly graded. It is a waste of money to oil a road which does not have a smooth, hard surface free from dust. If the surface is uneven, oil collects in shallow depressions and softens the surface so that after the first heavy rain the travel tends to make mudholes at these places. If there is dust on the road the oil combines with the dust to form a sort of mat, which the travel over it quickly breaks up into large flakes or scales. If the road is in proper condition to receive the oil and the right kind of oil is used the oil percolates into the pores of the earth for a depth of several inches sealing them with an asphaltic binding material which unites the surface into a tougher mass than the original surface.

The oil cannot make the road any harder, for only stone or gravel will accomplish that, but it will prevent the displacement of the earth particles under any loads which an earth road is adapted to carry. If the oiled surface is immediately covered with a thin layer of clean, hard sand, the travel will not disturb the oil, and the travelers will suffer less inconvenience. The right kind of oil should be used, for there are some kinds which act as lubricants and ruin a road instead of improving it. This kind of maintenance of earth roads is proving so successful in the central states that the Illinois state highway commission has recently issued for free distribution an illustrated bulletin telling how to do it and what things to avoid doing.

Cleridore—The Last Phase.

Professor Blackie in his autobiographical sketch entitled "Notes of a Life" tells of a visit he paid to Cleridore, then living at Highgate, of whom he remembers only two things: "(1) that he was an old, infirm, down-bent man; (2) that he told me he had thrown overboard all speculative philosophy, finding perfect satisfaction in the first chapter of the gospel of John."

Three Hundred Cars Burn.

Toronto, Ont., Dec. 30.—Barns of the Toronto street railway were destroyed by fire, causing a loss of \$1,000,000. Three hundred cars were destroyed.

PRACTICAL DEMOCRACY

(A Series of Articles on the Short Ballot Movement)

BY H. S. GILBERTSON

III—Ballots and Human Nature.

We were to explain in this article why the long ballot never fails to produce a boss or political machine.

In Winthrop, Mass., some four years ago the people were voting in their primary election. The Progressive Democratic party put up a partial ticket but omitted to name any one for representative in the general court (legislature). One unknown voter, to complete his ballot wrote in the name of "James O'Connell." Inasmuch as no other nominations were made this vote constituted the highest number of votes on the ticket for the particular office. The secretary of state accordingly had this name printed on the official ballot for the district. "James O'Connell" received 735 votes at the regular election and thirty-seven votes more in Winthrop than the regular democratic nominee.

When the returns were in it was discovered in the town clerk's office that no such person as "James O'Connell" existed, and yet 735 men had voted for him and he had received 37 more votes than one real man!

An elected state official of New York committed suicide a few years ago. When the papers printed his political history, which was anything but a brilliant one, the people of the state were astonished to know who their state treasurer had been—and yet over a million men had gone over his name on the ballot when he was elected.

The people elected this state official?

Well, now did they? Or did they just blindly and automatically place their cross marks opposite the names of a lot of men of whom they knew absolutely nothing. And how did those names get on the ballot? If the voters did not pick them out

they could have gotten there in only one other way. Somebody must have picked them out "by hand," appointed them.

That is principally what political machines are for; to tell the voters whom to elect, and the "boss" is simply the head machinist.

Contrast these conditions with those in England. There the city voters elects a member of Parliament once in five years, a member of the borough council and two auditors once a year. Through these he controls his government both national and local. Nobody in England ever dreams of asking to elect any more.



Ballots British and American

Nobody has the slightest desire to try to pick sheriffs or dog-catchers or bailiffs. And nobody in England ever saw a political machine or a boss such as we know in this country.

The Short Ballot Idea is to approximate conditions in England, that is, to elect a few conspicuous officials at any one time, but give them power and responsibility and keep them where the voters can see them all the time. This would give us government based upon humanity just as it is, and not upon humanity as some enthusiasts for the "people's rule" think it ought to be.

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CHARLES E. HUGHES.

Elected President of the
New York Bar Association.

Pach Bros.

HUGHES HEADS LAWYERS

Former Supreme Court Justice Honored by Gotham Association.

Brooklyn, N. Y., Jan. 15.—Charles Evans Hughes was elected president of the New York Bar association at the annual meeting. An American court of arbitration for settlement of controversies among nations on the American continent was suggested.

The Short Ballot Idea is to approximate conditions in England, that is,

to elect a few conspicuous officials at any one time, but give them power and responsibility and keep them where the voters can see them all the time. This would give us government based upon humanity just as it is, and not upon humanity as some enthusiasts for the "people's rule" think it ought to be.

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occupied a place in the financial world ought to be allowed to prophesy, So listen to Leslie M. Shaw.

"In my opinion," says he, "the president already is a candidate for a third term, and I predict that inside the next four years he will be the most pronounced protectionist in the nation."

Then he goes further and says that the Republican party has a good foundation, but it needs to organize at once and build itself up so as to meet the opposition in the coming campaign.

Voting For President. Women suffragists are going to make an effort to get bills passed in various state legislatures permitting women to vote for president, as they do in Illinois. They expect to get quite a lot of states in that way and gradually force universal suffrage for women.

Commissions Keep Going. The house was discussing the subject of commissions, and Congressman Bennett of New York, who was fighting one provision for a commission extension, remarked:

"Oh, it is an awful hard thing to stop a commission. I was on one once myself, and it took two acts of congress to put us out."

He referred to the immigration commission, which was one of the best in the way of foreign junks that has ever been known.

Defending the Farmer. Congressman Helgesen of North Dakota came to the defense of the farmer in the debate in the house recently. It was not the farmer, he said, who was causing the high cost of living. He said the baker bought flour at \$8.50 per barrel and made it up into bread which he sold for \$28. Helgesen said the profit was not with the farmer nor the middleman, but the man who was making and selling the bread.

Wasted Humor. Why does the house waste the little humor it has available? Just the other day Congressman Zeke Candler of Mississippi was let loose at 5:30 in the evening with less than a dozen men on the floor and no one in the gallery, to make one of his humorous speeches. Zeke talked about the magnificent audience and said other humorous things. He won applause from the few, but his effort was lost—buried in the Congressional Record.

Threat of Extra Session. President Will Have One if He Desires It—Shaw Prophesies Wilson Will Be Candidate For Third Term—Baker Responsible For High Price of Bread, Says Helgesen.

By ARTHUR W. DUNN. Washington, Jan. 15.—[Special Correspondent] Complicated conditions confront congress growing out of the differences between capital and labor. This fact is emphasized in the efforts being made to pass some kind of legislation fair alike to the railroads and the employees of railroads. The effort to carry out the program of the president, started when the eight bill was passed, so as to prevent strikes until after investigation and report by a government commission, strikes several snags. The principal difficulty is in getting over the opposition of the workers not only with railroads, but in other lines. Representatives of the workingmen are using every effort to prevent anything that squints toward compulsory arbitration. Carried to its ultimate consequences the investigation program would be something like compulsory arbitration, as it would prevent strikes until after a government board had made a report.

Threatening Extra Session. The delays which have been occasioned thus far in the passing of bills that must get through this session have caused several threats of an extra session in the spring, but they are always made about this time in the winter with a view of stopping talk in the senate and hurrying along the business of the house.

President Wilson will have an extra session if he wants it, and otherwise he can so shape affairs as to make it unnecessary. It does not make much difference to the president whether congress is in session or not so far as interfering with his plans is concerned. He has congress so well tamed now that it does not bother him in the least.

Federal Employees' Unions. The federal employees' union as a part of the American Federation of Labor has reached such an important position that it can afford to tell what it has accomplished and how far the movement has progressed. The organization has been contrary to the wishes of many officials, but that has made no difference. The new organization has had a great deal of influence in securing the increase of salaries for clerks and other employees of the government recently provided in the different appropriation bills.

Leslie Shaw, Prophet. A man who has been governor of Iowa, secretary of the treasury and

commissioner of agriculture, has predicted that the president will be a candidate for a third term.

Not Playing the Game. Mrs. Fite Suburbia—The next door person must be a very suspicious character. Hubby—Why so? Mrs. F. She employs a maid who is deaf and dumb, the mean cat!—New York Journal.

Charles E. Hughes. Elected President of the New York Bar Association.

Minneapolis Grain. Minneapolis, Jan. 13.—Wheat—May, \$1.88 1/2c; July, \$1.50; Sept., \$1.35. Corn—May, 98 1/2c; July, 97 1/2c. Oats—May, 56 1/2c; July, 54 1/2c. Pork—Jan. 29 20; May, 28.67c. Butter—Creameries, 35 6/33c. Eggs—46 1/4c. Poultry—Fowls, 17 1/2c; spring, 18c.

St. Paul Grain. St. Paul, Jan. 13.—Wheat—No. 1 hard, \$1.96 1/2c; No. 1 Northern, \$1.89 1/2c; No. 2 Northern, \$1.85 1/2c; No. 2 Montana hard, \$1.88 1/2c; corn, 93 1/2c; oats, 53 1/2c; barley, 87 1/2c; rye, \$1.20; rye, \$1.40; flax, \$2.90 1/2c.

Chicago Live Stock. Chicago, Jan. 13.—Cattle—Receipts, 2,200; steers, \$4.25 @ 11.15; cows and heifers, \$5.00 @ 8.50; calves, \$4.50 @ 12.75; stockers and feeders, \$4.00 @ 7.50. Hogs—Receipts, 13,000; range, \$10.00 @ 10.35. Sheep—Receipts, 3,400; lambs, \$7.75 @ 12.25; ewes, \$6.00; native, \$9.50 @ 10.65; lambs, \$11.75 @ 2.25; wethers, \$6.00 @ 9.50.

Chicago Live Stock. Chicago, Jan. 13.—Cattle—Receipts, 500; steers, \$7.75 @ 11.80; cows and heifers, \$4.40 @ 10.00; calves, \$9.75 @ 14.25; No. 1 clover, mixed, \$12.50 @ 13.25; No. 1 mixed, different grasses, \$12.00 @ 12.75; No. 1 mixed, timothy and wild, \$12.00 @ 12.75; choice, \$12.50; No. 1 upland, \$12.75 @ 13.50; No. 1 midland, \$9.00 @ 9.75; No. 1 alfalfa, \$10.00 @ 20.00.

St. Paul Hay. St. Paul, Jan. 13.—Hay—Chaise timothy, \$14.25; No. 1 timothy, \$13.50 @ 14.25; No. 1 clover, mixed, \$12.50 @ 13.25; No. 1 mixed, different grasses, \$12.00 @ 12.75; No. 1 mixed, timothy and wild, \$12.00 @ 12.75; choice, \$12.50; No. 1 upland, \$12.75 @ 13.50; No. 1 midland, \$9.00 @ 9.75; No. 1 alfalfa, \$10.00 @ 20.00.

Passing of the Ink. "A drop of ink makes millions."

"It used to," replied Mr. Penwigg. "Now it merely makes some busy man wonder why you didn't use a typewriter."—Detroit Free Press

YOU WILL BE THOROUGHLY PLEASED WITH

Model Service in
DRY CLEANING

Our New Methods Assure You of Absolutely Odorless Garments.

WE INVITE COMPARISON of the work turned out of our new and modernly equipped plant with that of any of the Dry Cleaning Houses of the larger cities of the State.

JUST SEND YOUR DRY CLEANING WITH YOUR LAUNDRY

BRAINERD MODEL LAUNDRY

Either Phone 211

Member National Association of Master Dry Cleaners

EFFICIENCY VISION
NOW REALIZEDNewfoundland, Pa., Converts
Hotel Into Community House.

BARN TURNED INTO HALL

Little Pennsylvania Village, Far From
a Railroad Station, Has Caught the
Idea of Neighborhood Efficiency and
Is in the Way of Making Its Ideals
Come True.

Buried in the heart of the Pocono mountains, thirteen miles from the nearest railroad station and connected with the outside world only by an uncertain stage route, is a rural community, Newfoundland, which has caught the vision of neighborhood efficiency and which in a fine way is realizing that vision day after day, writes Edmund de S. Brunner, secretary of the Moravian County Church Commission, in the Survey.

Newfoundland is in that section of the Poconos near where Wayne, Pike and Monroe counties (Pennsylvania), meet. Originally the land was settled by hardy and industrious Germans, and the descendants of these people are still the predominant element in the population. Religiously it was a community ministered to by the Moravians and in later years by the Methodists also. The soil is mediocre, and no superficial observer would pick this locality for a rural demonstration field.

The community house contains rooms for all the various church and community organizations, for reading, playing games, etc. There is also a free library. Adequate supervision is secured by having the high school principal and his wife live in the second story, which has the added advantage of furnishing a comfortable home for them.

The beginnings of this work can be traced to the patient campaign of the W. C. T. U., which even in a locality such as described found that rural people are willing to lend their support to the temperance movement. But there have been other sources of inspiration and leadership. For some years Newfoundland has been blessed with strong pastors whose spiritual leadership concerned itself with the hallowing of all of life. There has also been of more recent years a strong school favored with exceptionally good teachers. In some instances the pastor has also been the principal or at least one of the small faculty. This has tied together home, school and church in a most advantageous way.

Finally, for the last twenty years there has been a steady increase in the number of city people who have spent their summers in this region and who have mingled with the residents both in their play and worship. This has been of mutual advantage.

About eighteen months ago the only resident pastor succeeded in bringing into the community Professor and Mrs. Varney, who staged a welfare week which proved a big factor in starting the movement to establish the welfare center, because of the way in which social service was linked up with fundamental spiritual motives.

Thus it was that in the minds of pastor and people there formed and gradually came to fruition the conception of a community house in which would focus all the activities of the region and which would prove a center for furnishing recreation through the long winter, blinding the people together and holding some of the younger folks to their home. It was decided to form a community welfare association. Any person over fourteen years of age with an interest in the community and a dollar with which to pay the annual dues was allowed to join.

One of the first steps was to have the association incorporated, and soon afterward the hotel was purchased for \$3,800 and fitted up as described at a further cash cost of about \$1,200. Over half the money was raised in a short

BEST THEATRE

TODAY

AIM TO PREVENT FLOODING LANDS

Convention of Delegates From Four Counties Seeking to Find Remedy for Conditions

ON THE UPPER MISSISSIPPI

Committee on Resolutions and Committee on Permanent Organization are Appointed

Seeking to find a remedy for the continual overflowage by the Mississippi river of valuable lands in the upper river country, delegates from four counties are in session at the Chamber of Commerce this afternoon.

R. A. Stone, of Grand Rapids, county attorney of Itasca county, was named chairman of the meeting and P. M. Larson, of Cass Lake, the secretary.

The committee on resolutions includes P. M. Larson, of Cass Lake, chairman; F. E. Reuswig, Grand Rapids; T. G. Johnson, Brainerd; Elmer Madison, Grand Rapids; F. L. Kinney, Aitkin.

The committee on permanent organization includes E. H. Krelwitz, Aitkin, chairman; F. B. McGarry, Bain; C. C. Peterson, Grand Rapids; County Commissioner F. S. Walker, Platte Lake, Brainerd; County Commissioner Wm. Syreen, Klondike.

The delegates were late in assembling this morning on account of the exceptionally cold weather. The convention was fairly under way in the afternoon and among the delegates are the following:

Aitkin County—F. L. Kinney, Aitkin; F. B. McGarry, Bain; G. M. Robinson, Aitkin; E. H. Krelwitz, Aitkin; F. E. Krech, Aitkin; Henry Hascamp, Aitkin.

Crow Wing County—J. M. Elder, Thos. G. Johnson, Brainerd; F. S. Walker, Platte Lake; Wm. Syreen, Crosby.

Itasca County—C. C. Peterson, Grand Rapids; F. E. Reuswig, Grand Rapids; Elmer Madison, Grand Rapids; R. A. Stone, Grand Rapids, county attorney.

Cass County—John Bailey, Backus; P. M. Larson, Cass Lake.

PRAISE FOR SONGS

Compositions of Rowland G. Jenkins on Northern Pacific Topics

Meet With Favor

The songs and yells, composed by Rowland G. Jenkins, referring to the Northern Pacific railway, the song of the N. P. system, that for Brainerd's marching club and the yells, are meeting with favor.

D. K. Fullerton, general car foreman of the Northern Pacific shops, sent Mr. Jenkins' work as published in the Brainerd Dispatch, to C. C. Kyle, of St. Paul, who is in charge of the general office building of the railway.

Mr. Kyle referred them to L. L. Peil, advertising manager of the railway. Mr. Peil, writing to Mr. Fullerton, said:

"I am very glad indeed to have these and we shall certainly see what we can do towards making good use of them. We appreciate very much the interest which has been taken by the Brainerd people in the carnival, and we hope to see you all here during carnival week."

In his letter to Mr. Peil, chairman of the general carnival committee, Mr. Kyle said:

"Herewith letter from an old friend of mine, Mr. D. K. Fullerton of Brainerd, submitting several songs composed by R. G. Jenkins of Brainerd shops.

"In case the committee decides to use any of these we should, of course, give Mr. Jenkins the credit. Some of the compositions seems to be quite good."

NOTICE

To the creditors of the Security National Loan company:—

You, and each of you as if named, will please take notice that on or about June 22nd, 1916, pursuant to and under Sec. 8884 R. L. 1913, for and in behalf of the employees, two in number, I seized, am now and will remain in control of the funds of the above named loan company pending settlement of the claims of said employees.

R. R. LIVINGSTON,
Secretary.

Dated at Brainerd, Minn., this the 13th day of January, 1917.

Bank Official Recommends Them

T. J. Norrell, vice president of the Bank of Cottonwood, Tex., writes: "I have received relief and recommend Foley Kidney Pills to any one who has kidney trouble." Kidney trouble manifests itself in many ways—in worry, by aches, pains, soreness, stiffness, and rheumatism. H. P. Dunn, druggist.—Advt.

PNEUMONIA CLAIMS MRS. ADELE ROOT

Ft. Ripley Woman One of the Early Residents of the County Dies After Short Illness

RECENTLY RETURNED FROM WE

Widow of Jerry Root Who Was Killed While on Police Force at Bemidji While on Duty

Mrs. Adele Root of Ft. Ripley, died at her home early Saturday morning from pneumonia after a short illness. Mrs. Root had been visiting in Montana at the home of relatives, returning to Ft. Ripley Sunday last. On the trip she contracted a severe cold which later developed into pneumonia, death resulting in a few days, says the Little Falls Transcript.

Adele Chouard was born in Little Falls 58 years ago and spent her girlhood days in this city. At the age of 20 she was married to Jerry Root. After a residence here of several years, they moved to Ft. Ripley where they operated a hotel. Mr. Root later went to Bemidji, during that town's early days. He was a member of the police force there and met his death while in the performance of his police duties. Mrs. Root continued operating the hotel and was in charge of the hostelry at the time of her death. She leaves three children, Mrs. H. Saunders and Arthur Root, Ft. Ripley, and Mrs. Laura Raesler, now living in Montana. One sister, Mrs. Wm. Reid, who lives in Montana, and four brothers, Philistine, Edward and John of Little Falls and Frank of Floodwood are left, besides her mother, Mrs. Adeline Chouard, now 81 years of age, who resides in this city.

The funeral was held at Ft. Ripley Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock, a priest from the St. Mathias parish officiating.

Mrs. Wm. Reid of Montana and Mrs. Addie Chouard and Mrs. Mary Boisjolie of this city were called to the bedside of the dying woman on Friday.

JAILS WILL BE CROWDED

Sixty Days in Jail and \$100 Fine Meted Out to Many by Judge

Page Morris of Duluth

The jails of Northern Minnesota will be pretty well filled with violators of the federal liquor laws following the present session of the United States district court at Duluth. The federal grand jury returned 25 indictments in one lot, and fourteen prisoners admitted their guilt and received sentence.

Judge Morris gave most of the prisoners a sentence of sixty days in jail and \$100 fine. Among those sent from Brainerd who received this sentence were Nick Muzzoura, Walter McIntosh and Sam Krieger.

In pronouncing sentence upon the prisoners, Judge Morris gave them the most solemn warning to keep out of trouble in the future. Violators of the federal liquor laws will be sent to Fort Leavenworth whenever the offense warrants so severe a sentence, said Judge Morris. In cases of second offenses also, Judge Morris said he would send the prisoner to Fort Leavenworth.

THE MOOSE PROGRAM

Six Numbers in the Program for January 18, to Be Followed by a Banquet and Dance

Dr. E. F. Jamieson has given out the program which will be presented on the anniversary night of the Loyal Order of Moose lodge in the Iron Exchange hall, Thursday evening, January 18.

1. Song Imperiol Trio
S. F. Alderman, Al Mraz and Rowland G. Jenkins

2. Cello solo Wm. Rodenkirchen

3. Song Miss Anna Michaelson

4. Piano solo Morris D. Folsom

5. Song Al Mraz

6. Violin solo Edwin Harris Berg

A banquet and dance follow the program.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS

Jan. 2
(No Transfers)

Jan. 3
(No Transfers)

Jan. 4
(No Transfers)

Jan. 5

Harriet B. Evensta, single, to Julius Reuter lots 11 and 12 blk. 20 Schwartz's Addn. to City Brainerd wd \$1 etc.

NOTICE TO STUDENTS

Students not able to attend school in need of extra coaching for the state examination in March, enclose stamp and write to

CELIAC K WOLD,

Pequot, Minn.

ASKS HELP TO LIGHTEN BURDEN

Northern Pacific Railway Co. Asks the Co-operation of Shippers in Car Shortage

UNDERLOADING DISCOURAGED

Company Owns 48,000 Freight Cars, Take One Year and \$7,000,000 to Build 4,800 Cars

In a letter to shippers and others interested, George T. Slade, vice-president and J. G. Woodworth, second vice-president of the Northern Pacific railway company, call attention to the necessity of loading freight cars to capacity or maximum weight to thus materially assist in reducing car shortage. The letter reads:

"Our published rates and rules allow much latitude in the use of freight cars, and we have always accommodated shippers in the handling of their business while expecting them to help us in getting the best possible use of our facilities and avoiding unnecessary increase in operating costs.

Commercial prosperity without adequate transportation is impossible, and at the present time the railroad transportation facilities of the United States are wholly inadequate; therefore any shipper who underloads or delays a freight car or fails to make any possible readjustment of his business which will lighten the burden now placed upon the railroads is not only dealing unfairly with the carriers, but is also embarrassing the business of the nation, including his own.

This company owns 48,000 freight cars, and it would require at least one year's time and seven million dollars to build 4,800 more cars, but with the co-operation of shippers we could in one month, and without any expenditure of money, show an increase of ten per cent in the average loading of cars now employed and in connection with the movement of certain commodities it would be possible to increase the loading as much as 25 or even 50 per cent.

It is the duty of all employees to watch the loading, unloading, and movement of freight cars, and whenever they see any avoidable underloading or delay they should correct it or report it to the nearest superintendent, sending copy of report to the general freight office at Tacoma or St. Paul.

In times of car shortage the failure of a shipper to load cars to capacity or to the maximum weight consistent with safe carriage will be considered as sufficient reason for withholding cars from that shipper in the discretion of the superintendent of the division on which cars are loaded.

ADVERTISED LETTERS

Letters remaining unclaimed in the postoffice at Brainerd for the week ending Jan. 12, 1917. When calling for these letters please say "advertised."

Berge, Mrs. Sherman L.
Bradway, Mra. Carrie
Clark, Miss Helen
Erickson, Mr. Alfred
Fallon, W. B.
Gaffy, Miss Lottie
Gumphrey, Mrs. Ed.
Hammond, Mr. J. H.
Harms, Miss Emma
Hill, Mrs.

Johnson, Mr. Emil
Kimberly, Mrs. J. L.
Lind, Mrs. Carrie
Nap, Mr. C.
Newburgh, Miss Nina
Peterson, Miss Freda
Peterson, Master Herman
Silver, L. B.
Stelle, Rev. John T.
Strange, C. C.
Swanson, Mrs. Ola
Thrower, Mrs. R. B.
Veal, Mrs. Millie A.

Spats

Spats are short, violent affairs indulged in by some human beings and most lovers.

They don't amount to much in either case, but they're awful while they last.

Spats usually reach from the ankles to the instep and from the front door to the gate.

They are worn just under the calf and over the protest of every right thinking person.

Some folks naturally have big feet. Others wear pins spats. (Thanks, Kin.)

Baldness can't be helped and stuttering may be condemned, but spats are a man's own fault.

(Thanks, George.)

CELIAC K WOLD,

Pequot, Minn.

PERSONAL PROPERTY TAXES DUE IN 1917

The Dispatch will publish from time to time the list of personal property taxpayers of Crow Wing county and of the city of Brainerd. The compilation of the list takes some time, as it affords every taxpayer the opportunity to see what his friend or his next door neighbor is paying.

These taxes are due and payable January 1. On and after March 1 a penalty of 10 percent attaches to delinquent payments. Many in Brainerd take pride in being among the first to pay their taxes.

IDEAL

Allen, C. H. 2.47
Bowman, N. R. 13.70

Boe, Chris 4.54

Boe, Ole 3.67

Cary, H. E. 50

Cline, Geo. 4.42

Cline, Enos 5.95

Cline, Alfred 6.44

Danielson, J. A. 3.13

Danielson, A. J. 10.44

Gudgell, W. W. 2.64

Hardy, D. L. 2.7

Heath, Chandler 3.05

Hanson, Herman 3.93

Hollenburg, Adolph 1.07

Hollenberg, Axle 1.78

Hazelhurst, K. C. 3.85

Heald, B. C. 1.18

Heath, Clarence 2.84

Johnson, Ole 3.10

Johnson, L. O. 7.79

Kamberling, Chas. 5.45

King, Wm. 4.00

Kamberling, Frank 3.02

Knudson, N. J. 4.25

Kalbach, Geo. .94

Kiser, B. F. 3.14

Martin, J. H. 1.26

McEwen, J. A. 3.52

McDowell, W. A. .23

Nelder, Kate 2.39

Oleson, Chris 3.10

Palmer, Effie .36

Parker, Wm. 2.90

Pederson, Anton 2.89

Shay, Ette .09

Thomas, Oliver 1.72

Volk, Ralph 1.34

Wilson, Chas. 1.62

Wold, H. A. 4.08

SPORT NEWS

RED RIVER VALLEY DERBY

Ten or Twelve Dog Teams, Best of the Northwest, Entered in Big Carnival Event

AT ST. PAUL OUTDOOR SPORTS

Course Leads From Winnipeg, Red River of the North, Grand Forks to Como Park

Ten or twelve dog teams, the pick of the packs that traverse the snowy trails of Manitoba and the northwest territories, will pit their speed and endurance, each against all the others, in the 500 mile dash from Winnipeg to the St. Paul Outdoor Sports Carnival, late in January.

This event, which promises to become an annual classic as a leading feature of St. Paul's annual carnival, will be known as the Red River Valley Derby. The course from Winnipeg will follow the Red River of the North into North Dakota and Minnesota, touching at Grand Forks, St. Cloud and other points.

The finish line is in the Carnival City's famous Como park, where the winning team and driver will be welcomed by thousands, including King Boreas and his retinue of Carnival Queens.

From Winnipeg to Fargo the Derby course follows the old mail route over which many years ago the late James J. Hill made one of his first visits to Winnipeg, traveling by sleds behind a team of shaggy horses.

The big purses hung up by the Carnival Association, as well as the lure of the sport and the spirited rivalry among the northern camps, have tempted some of the most famous dog drivers away from their traps and nets to participate in the Carnival Derby. Lake Winnipeg, LaPaz and the Icelandic river district are sending drivers and teams whose reputations have been won in the Hudson Bay sweepstakes and other famous speed events in the northland.

The Derby will furnish a test of endurance not only for the rival breeds of dogs but also for the Indian and the pale faced drivers. Among the entrants is the famous full-blood Cree, Tommy Spence, of Bad Throat, Man., veteran of many a hard-fought finish, and John Isfeld, of Gimli, who went through the Lake Winnipeg country a few years ago to select the 100 best dogs of the district for Sir Ernest Shakelton's party to drive on its quest for the South Pole. Isfeld will drive a team of black and white huskies, all blood relatives of the Shakelton dogs.

CRACK HURDLER FOR HARVARD

Billy Meany, Former Colby Star, to Wear Crimson.

Billy Meany, the former Colby athlete, will have a chance to win an intercollegiate championship. The former English High, Colby and Boston Athletic association athlete is back at Cambridge and is doing all right in his studies. Meany will probably compete for Harvard in the three cornered meet which Harvard and Dartmouth and University of Pennsylvania will have at Mechanics' hall, Boston, Feb. 17.

He will not represent the Boston Athletic association this year. Meany will probably stick to the 220 low hurdle game during the spring outdoor season and should add greatly to the strength of the Harvard hurdlers.

Barry Signs as Manager of Red Sox

The most important baseball transaction since the world series was the closing of the contract between the

Billy Sunday will Bid Farewell to Boston Tonight

Boston, Jan. 15.—Boston tonight will bid farewell to Billy Sunday.

At the huge tabernacle on Huntington avenue, over the spot where twenty years ago he ran bases faster than any other big league player in the business, the rampant revivalist will preach his last sermon to the folks who invented dignity and have a strangle hold on culture.

Billy hasn't landed such a gosh awful wallop to the sense of the fitness of things among the stiff necks as was expected.

Of course all the precise ladies and gentlemen around Back Bay equipped their brains with shock absorbers when he first came, but it wasn't long before they took them off. He proved more interesting than distasteful. "Who," in Billy's own words, "was the mutt that said Boston was clammy?"

Sunday was "received" by the elite; and the ladies came in liberal quantities and fancy gowns to be shocked by meeting him. That didn't happen to be one of Billy's days for shocking, however, and so the party was disappointed.

Much of the revivalist's time from now on will be devoted to preparing his New York campaign, which begins April 1.

Sunday's conversions here numbered into the thousands. His one stinging defeat was the loss of his flight to put Boston dry. It went wet by a heavier majority than ever before, despite Sunday's battle.

Penn Plans a Huge Stadium

BY H. C. HAMILTON,
(United Press Staff Correspondent.)

New York, Jan. 15.—An even greater amphitheatre than the massive bowl in which Yale's athletic contests are held, towering out of Woodlands Ravine at Philadelphia, is probable for the University of Pennsylvania. Steps already have been taken to assure erection of the structure.

Alumni, students and faculty are working hard to make the dream a reality. Presents plans for the structure call for an amphitheatre which will seat 100,000 persons,

many thousands more than can be jammed into Franklin field even by the greatest effort. The need of a new stadium became positive at the Pennsylvania-Cornell football game last Thanksgiving day, when thousands were unable to gain admission.

To erect the stadium the usual procedure probably will be followed. Alumni will guarantee funds, receiving interest on the sums out of proceeds.

The plan includes the application of all money over the interest to the furthest of athletics at Pennsylvania.

Only one stadium in history, the Circus Maximus, which flourished in Rome, exceeds the seating capacity of the stadium planned for Philadelphia. The great Roman arena, authorities say, seated nearly 300,000 persons, some going so far as to place the figure at more than 400,000. The new Penn stadium would have room to seat comfortably 100,000, with provision for increasing this capacity.

OPPOSE PLAN TO RESHAPE EUROPE

Berlin Papers Say Entente Is Out for Conquest.

NOTE CLEARS ATMOSPHERE

German Press Comment on the Allies
Reply to President Wilson's Peace
Proposal Lays Emphasis on the De-
cisive Character of the Declarations.

Berlin, Jan. 15.—Further comment on the entente note to President Wilson lays emphasis on the decisive character of the declarations, which clear the air, the newspapers say, and give the central powers a definite goal—defense against the plan of their opponents for remaking the map of Europe.

Even Vorwaerts now turns to the Socialist dissenters who have been demanding peace "without conquerors, without conquered."

Germany's enemies are not ready to give such a peace, it declares, hence "every deed and every word tending to shake the self-defensive will of the German people would be a crime against the German people."

Vorwaerts says that the terms are such as could be dictated only after the entente had occupied the chief cities of their opponents and broken hopelessly their power of resistance and that the note is a new declaration of war with limitless aims of conquest.

It declares the note was intended to frighten the central powers into submission, but the entente forgets that willingness of the German government to yield would encounter a barrier in the will of the German people, who after such unspeakable sacrifices and such mighty military successes would not tolerate without compulsion the placing of Germany in a position of a conquered state.

Referring to Belgium, Vorwaerts says:

"The prospect of reaching an agreement is jeopardized seriously by the crazy demands of the note."

VIENNA PAPERS INDIGNANT

Comment Sarcastically on Demands of the Allies.

Amsterdam, Jan. 15.—Vienna newspapers express the greatest indignation over the peace demands of the entente allies. The Fremdenblatt, commenting on the demand for the liberation of the Slavs, Roumanians and Czech Slovaks, says:

"Many peoples under entente rule would be happy if they possessed the rights and liberties already possessed by the peoples under Austro-Hungarian rule."

The newspaper thinks that the whole note originated in England.

FORCED TO THROW MAIL INTO THE SEA.

London, Jan. 15.—A Reuter dispatch from Stockholm says: "The captain of the Swedish steamer Ingoborg, belonging to the Thule line, who has returned to Gothenburg from England, says that his steamer was stopped in the North sea by a German submarine and that he was compelled to throw into the sea all the mail from enemy countries, consisting of 700 sacks."

ARREST FOLLOWS EXPLOSION PROBE

New York, Jan. 15.—One man was arrested and two others, it is expected, will be taken into custody following an investigation into the explosion at the Du Pont de Nemours works, according to a statement by Chief of Police Miller of Pompton Lakes, N. J.

The man under arrest, it was said, was employed at the plant only one day. He is charged with vagrancy.

Mayor Henry G. Hirschfeld of Pompton Lakes said that an inquest should be conducted by the Passaic county officials into the explosion.

Two men employed in a house where powder was glazed were killed, but all other employees have been accounted for, it was announced by the company.

CHURCH WRECKED BY BOMB

Chicago Police and Priest Mystified as to Motive.

Chicago, Jan. 15.—Police are at a loss for a motive for the placing of the bomb which wrecked the St. Louis Roman Catholic church on the South Side.

Investigation disclosed that six persons living nearby had been injured by the explosion. Many windows in the neighborhood were shattered.

Rev. R. P. Pugny, pastor of the church, asserted that the cause of the depredation was a mystery to him.

DEATH BY BOILING

The Way Poisoners Fared in the Old Days in England.

TORTURE FOR MINOR CRIMES.

Mutilation Used to Be a Favorite Form of Punishment, and the Slanderer's Tongue Was Plucked Out—The Penalty for High Treason.

In these merciful days, when a man who publishes a libel on the king escapes with a few months' imprisonment, it seems scarcely credible that as late as 1870 the punishment ordained by the law for high treason was that the offender should be drawn on a hurdle to the place of execution and there should be hanged by the neck until he was dead; that then his head should be severed from his body, that his body be divided into four quarters and that his head and quarters be at the disposal of the crown.

And this was by no means the worst fate that might befall a criminal in the so called "good old days," as one John Roose, a cook of Henry VIII's day, found to his cost. Roose was convicted of the heinous crime of putting poison in the broth intended for the family of no less reverend a personage than the bishop of Rochester. For such a crime hanging, drawing and quartering was too merciful a punishment. "Something lingering, with boiling oil," or at least water, was decided to be the punishment that best fitted the crime, and with this object a special act of parliament was passed ordaining boiling alive as the punishment for this felony. John Roose expiated his sins in a cauldron of hot water, and a few years later, in 1542, one Margaret Davy met the same fate at Smithfield.

It declared the note was intended to frighten the central powers into submission, but the entente forgets that willingness of the German government to yield would encounter a barrier in the will of the German people, who after such unspeakable sacrifices and such mighty military successes would not tolerate without compulsion the placing of Germany in a position of a conquered state.

These were indeed days when the man of violent temper or criminal tendencies must operate warily. If by any evil chance he came to blows and drew blood within the precincts of the king's palace he was inevitably condemned to lose his right hand, and a statute of Henry VIII, regulated the whole gruesome ceremony, with all its functionaries, from the surgeon who was to amputate the offending member, to the individual who used the searing irons, the yeoman of the scullery who made the irons red hot at his fire and the sergeant of the cellar who was provided "with a pot of red wine to give the same party after his hand is so stricken off and the stump seared."

Mutilation was a favorite form of punishment in those good old days, following, no doubt, the Scriptural penalty, "an eye for an eye and a tooth for a tooth." Thus the slanderer's tongue was pulled out, so that he could at least utter slander no more, and he who destroyed the sight of one eyed man lost both his own eyes.

By the Coventry act in the time of Charles II, any person who should maliciously put out the eye, slit the nose or disable any limb of another with intent to maim or disfigure him was to pay for the wrong with his life. By another act the man who fought with weapons in a church had one of his ears cut off. If he had already lost both ears, as many a malefactor had, he was branded in the cheek with the letter "F."

By an act of Queen Elizabeth's reign the forger was condemned to stand in the pillory, to have his ears cut off by the common hangman, his nostrils slit up and seared and to be imprisoned for life, and by a statute of James I, an unfortunate bankrupt was nailed by an ear to the pillory for two hours, and then his ear was cut off.

If an enterprising farmer were foolish enough to send any of his live sheep out of the country he paid a terrible price for his rashness, for his goods were forfeited, he was sent to jail for twelve months, and on recovering his liberty his left hand was cut off in a public market and nailed up there as a warning against the danger of illicit exports. If he offended a second time he paid for his daring with his life. If he set covetous eyes on a neighbor's sheep and annexed one of them he was unmercifully hanged by the neck until he was dead.

Indeed, thousands of unfortunate paid with their lives for thefts much more insignificant.

Burning alive was, of course, a common punishment for witchcraft for many a century, down to a couple of hundred years ago and many of the victims who were accused of "selling their souls to the devil" were children under ten years of age.

In 1726 Edward Burnworth, a highwayman, refusing to plead, was loaded with boards and weights. For more than an hour he bore a mass of faecal weighing nearly four hundred weight, when human flesh could bear the agony no more, and he prayed to be put to the bar again. He pleaded "Not guilty," but was nevertheless found guilty and ended his days on the scaffold. This cruel punishment survived to George III's time.—London Tit-Bits.

LITERAL APPREHENSION.

She—Let's make up our minds to tell the folks we're engaged. He—But, darling, I am afraid your father will kick. Baltimore American.

Discretion of speech is more desirable than eloquence.

PLAN TO MAKE MANN SPEAKER

House Republicans Working on Reorganization Scheme.

PETITION ASKS CONFERENCE

Progressive Branch Hopes to Land Its Program Calling for Representative Lenroot for Floor Leader and Appointment of a Committee on Committees.

Washington, Jan. 15.—Republicans in the house will reorganize under a plan which they hope will give them control of legislation at a party conference to be held late this month.

A petition asking that such a conference be called is being circulated quietly by Representative Gardner, Republican, of Massachusetts and undoubtedly the wish will be met.

Representative Gardner recently became sponsor for the candidacy of Representative Irving L. Lenroot of Wisconsin for speaker and announced his opposition to Representative James R. Mann of Illinois. Mr. Lenroot gave no encouragement to the suggestion. The Progressive Republicans do not favor the selection of Mr. Lenroot as speaker.

If the Progressive Republicans get their reorganization program through this is what it will be:

Mann to be the next speaker of the house.

Lenroot to succeed him as Republican floor leader.

A committee on committees to be appointed to displace the present method of naming committeemen by the ways and means committee.

DESires NEW FLOOR LEADER.

Progressives would like to "kick Mr. Mann upstairs" and elevate him to the speakership in order to take him from the Republican floor leadership.

Bitter criticisms against Minority Leader Mann are not infrequently indulged in by Progressive Republicans in the house. They think he is dictatorial, that he robs ambitious members of opportunities to which they believe they are entitled and that he humiliates new members especially by "squelching" them down gently in private.

All this, they say, is bad for the spirit de corps of the Republican party.

They do not question Mr. Mann's industry or ability. One of the Progressive Republicans has had this to say:

"James R. Mann is one of the ablest parliamentarians of his day. He is a hard worker and has earned recognition from his party.

"But the Republican party requires more progressive leadership on the floor than it has now and the election of Mr. Mann as speaker would make way for one whose temperament and line of thought is more in harmony with the spirit of his party nationally."

If an enterprising farmer were foolish enough to send any of his live sheep out of the country he paid a terrible price for his rashness, for his goods were forfeited, he was sent to jail for twelve months, and on recovering his liberty his left hand was cut off in a public market and nailed up there as a warning against the danger of illicit exports.

If he offended a second time he paid for his daring with his life. If he set covetous eyes on a neighbor's sheep and annexed one of them he was unmercifully hanged by the neck until he was dead.

Work of salvaging the submarine was turned over to a private concern at a contract price of \$18,000.

MAILMAN COMMITS SUICIDE

New Yorker, Worth \$300,000, Kept His \$1,200 Job.

New York, Jan. 15.—Although he had amassed a fortune by investments in real estate which increased rapidly in value Martin L. Henry clung to his job as a mail carrier at a salary of \$1,200 a year. He entered the service in 1882, when he was thirty years old.

Henry committed suicide by inhaling illuminating gas, leaving a note in which he said:

"I am tired of life."

He was reputed to be worth \$300,000 and was said probably to be the wealthiest active letter carrier in the country.

TAXICAB STRIKE SETTLED

Three Gotham Companies Reach Agreement With Employees.

New York, Jan. 15.—A strike of 650 drivers of three taxicab companies, which has been in progress here